

National Spatial Plan "Estonia 2030+"

Warszawa, February 7th 2011 **Tavo Kikas**, Estonian Ministry of the Interior



Launching of National Plan

- Government of Estonian launched the compilation of National Plan "Estonia 2030+" in February 4th 2010.
- Minister of Regional Affairs launched the Strategic Assessment of Environmental Impacts for National Plan in February 16th 2010.



Main Goal of National Plan is

- ... to guide the spatial development of Estonia;
- National Plan "Estonia 2030+" is dealing both with land and marine areas, also the spatial connections with other countries;
- The Goal is to guide the integrated development of settlement structure and nationwide infrastructures, taking into account regional specifications.



National Plan: Estonia 2010

- Meeting the basic needs of Population;
- Preserving and developing values of Estonian settlement system and landscape structure;
- Balancing of settlement structure;
- Good connectivity of Estonia and the rest of Europe;
- Preserving and improving good state of natural environment.

UNITY

COOPERATIVENESS

SOLUTION-ORIENTAT

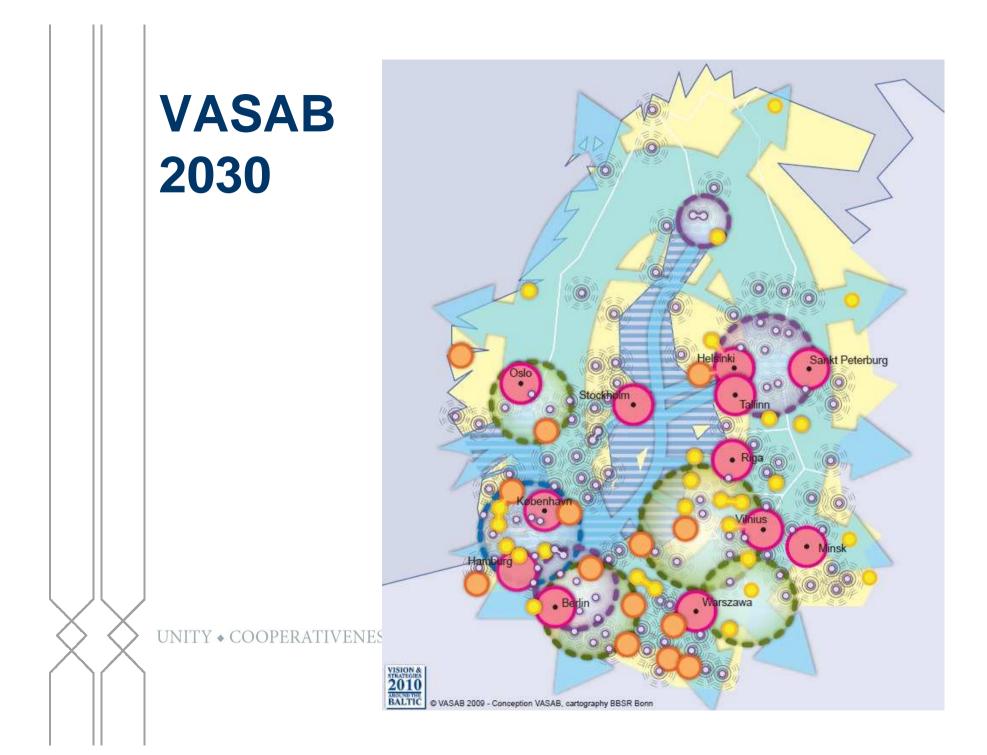






Regional Influence of Megatrends

- **Knowledge based economies**
- **Aging population**
- Asian gravitation centre of world economics
- **Renewable energy**
- **Urbanisation**
- More focus on ecological values
- **Growth of "Green Economics" and "Silver**
- UNITY **Economics** ** solution-orientativeness * target-orientativeness





Co-operation on EU Regional Level

- **Baltic Sea Region**
- **Neighbouring countries: Finland, Latvia, etc.**
- Energy networks
- **Transport networks**
- **Transborder co-operation areas**
- Climate Change
- **Green Networks**
 - Marine areas

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Spatial Development Vision 2030+

"Sparce City": Spatial diversity and regional specifications give freedom to choose suitable living and working place and appropriate lifestyle. Wide use of innovative technologies is a prerequisite

- Well connected to the rest of the World
- Waried living environment
- Well connected settlement network
- Good natural environment

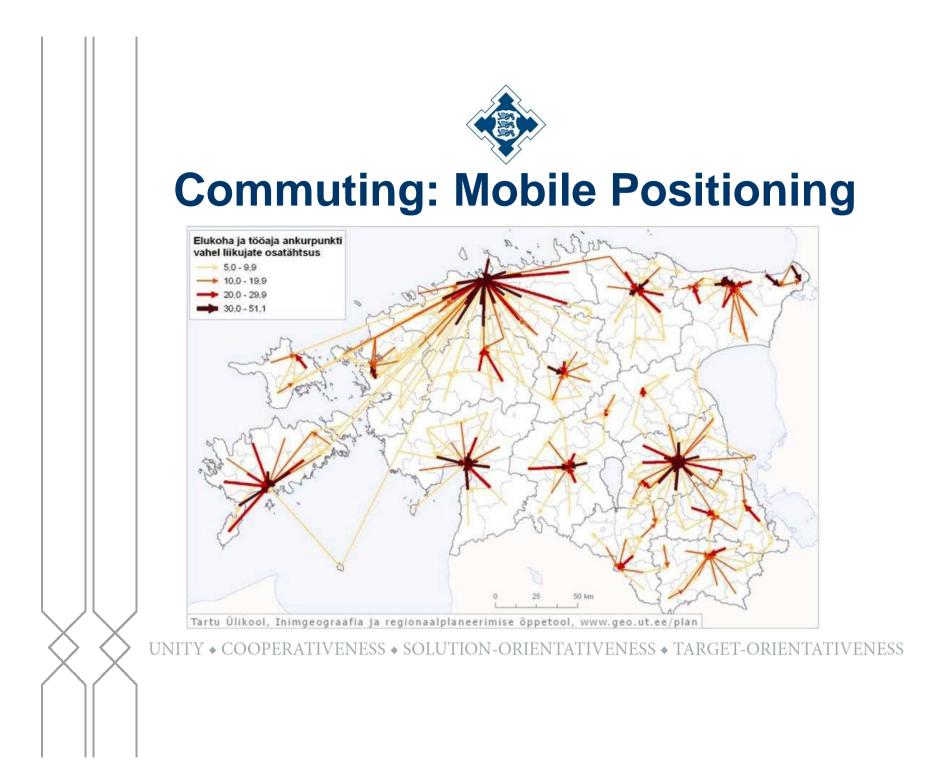


Settlement Structure

Competitive Centres

- International Position of Capital Region: High Quality City Space and Good and Fast Connectivity to Major European Centres
- Focus on Main Centres: Competitive Specialisation, Fast Connections
- Daily Work Force Movement Areas: Connectivity inside Daily Work Force Movement Areas and between Neighbouring Areas

Living Space Quality: Consolidating City Space,
 ^{UNIT}Better Planning, Smart Public Transport, Urban Quality of Life in Sparsely Populated Areas





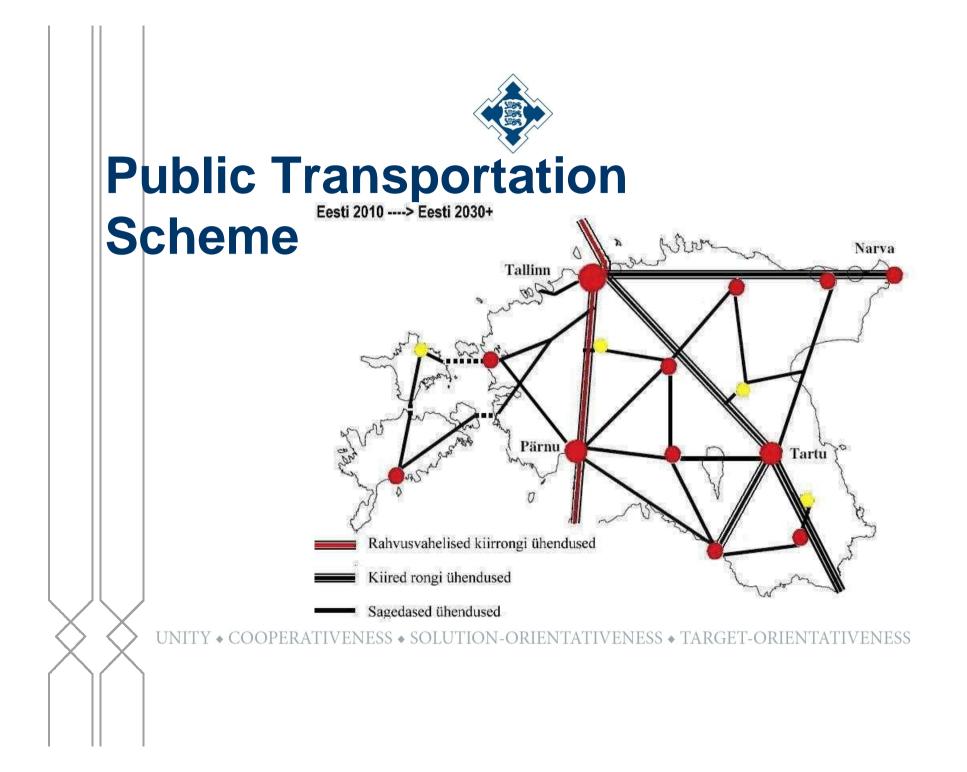
Reducing Time-Space Distances

- Reducing Time-Space Distances Internationally and inside Estonia
 - w Preferred Development of Rail Passenger Trasportation
 - w Better Life Quality and More Effective Use of Everyday Living Space
 - **Preferred Public Transportation Development**

Traffic Safety

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Energy Efficiency

- Main Goal Energy Efficiency: Energy efficient planning, efficiency measures, public transport
- Energy Security: Production capability (if need) for the whole Country, good connectivity to European networks and developed nationwide network etc.
- Production of Energy Mainly for the Needs of Estonia

Oil shale renewed technology?

Nuclear energy?

UNITY • ODissipated small scale production using more TIVENESS renewable sources (marine wind parks, etc.)?



Co-operation

- **W** Ministeries and Government Office
- County Governments (Regional Administration)
- **Regional Unions of Municipalities**
- **W** Party Fractions in Parliament
- w Experts
- w Public



Despite spatial planning process and co-operation with other sectors – the strategic decisions tend to be born elsewhere and as a result of other processes

Thus the main challenge will remain: co-operation, negotiations, conclusion and putting into practice